Using the Core Competencies

Washington state has Core Competencies for early care and school-age professionals.

The competencies are important because they:

- Define what professionals need to know and do
- Serve as foundation for decisions and practices
- Establish a set of standards for professionalism





Why Are They Important to Trainers?

All professionals need in-service hours to complete professional development requirements for their role. By using the core competencies, trainers make sure that they are choosing topics that build knowledge and skills to support quality care for children and youth.

The core competencies tell participants what the training will cover and help them make informed choices about their learning.

How Are the Core Competencies Organized?

The Core Competencies are separated into Content Areas. Here is an example of the early learning content areas:



Child Growth and Development:

understand how children acquire language and creative expression and develop physically, cognitively and socially.



Curriculum and Learning Environment:

establish an environment that provides learning experiences to meet children's needs, abilities and interests.



Ongoing Measurement of Child Progress:

observe and assess what children know and can do in order to plan and provide curriculum that meets their developmental and learning needs.



Families and Community Partnerships:

develop strong relationships with families and work collaboratively with agencies/ organizations to meet children's needs and to encourage the community's involvement with early care and education.



Health, Safety, and Nutrition:

establish and maintain an environment that ensures children's safety, health and nourishment.



Interactions:

establish supportive relationships with children and guide them as individuals and as part of a group.



Program Planning and Development:

establish, implement, evaluate and analyze an early care and education setting.



Professional Development and Leadership:

serve children and families in a professional manner and participate in the community as a representative of early care and education.



The school-age competencies have similar content areas, with two additional areas related to Racial Equity and Cultural Responsiveness and Youth Empowerment.

Some Core Competencies Have Subcategories. They are used to organize knowledge and skills in content areas that cover many different topics.

All Core Competencies Are Leveled. The levels range from basic to advanced, and they are designed to build on one another. All of the levels have indicators that capture the knowledge and skills that professionals should develop.



How to Select the Appropriate Core Competency for the Training

You can use this step-by-step process to identify the appropriate core competency content areas(s) and level for your training. A training can cover multiple core competency content

areas. In order for a core competency to be assigned, the training content must be a minimum of one hour.

- 1. Identify your training audience and learning objectives
- Select the appropriate core competency document (early learning; school-age)
- 3. Review the descriptions of the content areas and select a match
- 4. Go to those sections and find which sub-category(ies) connect with your objectives
- 5. Review the indicators and select the level(s) that connect with your objectives
- 6. Use these competency areas and levels when you enter the training template in MERIT

Tip for Entering Training in MERIT

Make sure that you have permission to train in the content area(s) and level before you enter information into the training template. You can only train in the core competency areas and levels you are approved in. You can find this information on the state-approved trainer tab in MERIT.

Questions?

If you have any questions or concerns please contact the Professional Development Team at training@dcyf.wa.gov.